





y request of **D**octor
Richard **W**ilson y **M**iyares
Messrs **B**aily **B**anks and **B**iddle
of Philadelphia who attend to these things
there, made in 1919 the preceding copy
of the arms of the **W**ilsons of **B**ucks
County, **U.S.A.** descendants of the
Wilsons of **G**rasmere County of **W**est
moreland, **E**ngland; also known as
Wilsons of **H**igh **W**ray and **K**endal
County of **W**estmoreland, **E**ngland.



History of a Branch of the
 Wilson Family
 of Bucks County, Pennsylvania, U.S.A.
 Descendants of the
 Wilsons of Grasmere
 County of Westmoreland, England.
 Also known as the Wilsons
 of High Wray and Kendal
 County of Westmoreland, England.



See Joseph Foster's book
 "Pedigree of Wilson of High Wray
 and Kendal."

printed for private circulation in
 1871

(Allen by Villa New Barnet, Herts) London.

John Wilson
of Grassmere
County of Westmoreland
England

A

The first of the family that we know of.
He married and had a son Reginald Wilson.

B

son of { Reginald Wilson
 { John Wilson of Cyasmere

b. June 6. 1588 at

d.

m. Sept. 3. 1612, Isabel Roberts.

He had three children:

John Wilson Oct. 1628

Isabel Wilson March 28. 1628

Isabel Wilson January 19. 1629

Note - March to October 1628 = 7 months

March 1628 to January 1629 = 10 months

Oct. 1628 to January 1629 = 3 months

(Evidently there is a mistake in these dates - R.W.)

John Wilson
son of { Reginald Wilson
Isabel Roberts

C

b.

d.

m.

He had a son Robert Wilson, born Oct. 6, 1660

See next page.

Robert Wilson D

son of { John Wilson

b. Oct. 6 - 1660

d. 1740

m. 1691 Dinah Whitehead: she died 1729

Robert Wilson was born at, or near, Wilson's Ground, in Little Longdale, Parish of Grasmere, County of Westmoreland, England.

He were members of Height Meeting, in Lancashire.

They had five children:

1 David Wilson

b. 1691 in Parish of Cartmel, Lancashire

→ In 1713 he emigrated to Pennsylvania - see Page 11

2 Jonathan Wilson (In 1765 he wrote to David - see P. 11)

b. 1693

d. 1780

m. Elizabeth Atkinson

3 John Wilson

ob. inf.

4 Elizabeth Wilson

b. 1696

d. 1728 at Cork, Ireland.

m. J. Hutchinson, of Cork, Ireland

5 Rachel Wilson

b. 1710

d.

m.

David Wilson

E

son of { Robert Wilson
Dinah Whitehead } married 1691

b. 1691 in Parish of Cartmel in northern part of Lancashire, England.

d. presumably in Pennsylvania.

m.

In 1713 he emigrated to Pennsylvania.

Note. In 1765, his brother Jonathan, from Keight, Lancashire, England, wrote to David at Tower Hill, Bucks Co., Penna., giving information about the family.

He had one son: Thomas Wilson. see Page 13.

Thomas Wilson F

son of { David Wilson

b.
d.
m.

Rachel Strickland

Thomas Wilson and Rachel Strickland had ten children:

1 Amos Wilson

b. April 25 - 1756

d.
m.

a. Hawley, and moved to Ohio

2 Sarah Wilson

b. Nov. 15 - 1757

d. Sept. 3 - 1778

3 Thomas Wilson

b. June 15 - 1760

d. July 28 - 1760

4 Joseph Wilson

b. March 14 - 1762

d. 1840

m. 1792 - 1st wife: Mary Bakely

b. 1765 she died in 1821

d. 1821

m. 1825 - 2^d wife: Margaret Stackhouse

b. 1784 d. 1859

any children?

- 1 William Wilson
b. 1793 - d. 1794
- 2 Thomas Wilson
b. 1796 - d. 1799
- 3 Sarah Wilson
b. 1799 - d.
m. 1825 - Jeremiah W. Crossdale
- 4 Rachel Wilson
b. 1801 - d. 1823

5 Thomas Wilson

b. April 25 - 1764

d. January 1765

6 Jesse Wilson

b. Dec. 31 - 1765 d.

m. Annny Parry - they had six children

over

7 John Wilson (see Page 14)

b. Feb. 16 - 1768

d. Oct. 15 - 1835

He married twice and had four children.

8 Elizabeth Wilson

b. July 30 - 1770

d. 1847

m. Isaiah Jones

They had one son Wilson Jones who died in 1832.

9 Grace Wilson

b. Sept. 14 - 1772

d. June 5 - 1777

10 Rachel Wilson

b. April 14 - 1776

d. Nov. 18 - 1779

Records of the Friends' Monthly Meetings, in Bucks Co., Pa.
1680 to 1870

Copied from the copy in the Library of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, at 13th and Locust Sts., Philadelphia - January 24 - 1898.

Vol. 2 Middletown Monthly Meeting

N^o. 343 - 9 - 22 - 1796 - John Wilson^G of Solebury Township, Bucks Co., son of Thomas and Rachel Wilson, married Margaret Mitchell, daughter of Richard Mitchell and Sarah Stevenson, of Middletown Township, said County, at Middletown.
Witnesses: Jesse Wilson, John Mitchell, Oliver Wilson, Pierson Mitchell, and 49 others.

N^o. 528 Buckingham Monthly Meeting

H - 14 - 1824 - John Wilson^G of Buckingham, Bucks Co., son of Thomas and Rachel Wilson, married Mary, formerly of Solebury Township (widow of William Fell, n^o. 178), daughter of Joseph and Phoebe Gillingham, at Buckingham.
Witnesses: John Lancaster, Thomas Paxson, Isaac Childs, Robert Smith, and 31 others.

Page 240 - Middletown Monthly Meeting

Children of { Thomas Wilson and F
Rachel Strickland

G	Name	Born	Died
1	Olmos	8 - 25 - 1756	
2	Sarah	11 - 15 - 1757	
3	Joseph	3 - 17 - 1762	12 - 1 - 1840
4	Jesse	12 - 31 - 1766	
5	John	2 - 16 - 1768	10 - 15 - 1835
6	Elizabeth	7 - 30 - 1770	
7	Rachel	4 - 4 - 1776	11 - 18 - 1799

Note: Rachel (wife) died 9 - 25 - 1797.

Records of the Friends' Monthly Meetings in Bucks Co., Pa.
1680-1870. Continued.

Middletown Monthly Meeting

Page 118 - No. 342 - Joseph Wilson G of Southampton Township, Bucks Co., son of Thomas F and Rachel Wilson, married Mary Blakley, daughter of William and Sarah Blakley, of Middletown Township, Bucks Co., at Middletown, on 4-26-1792.

Witnesses: Rachel Knight, Jeremiah Crossdale, Wm. Paxson, John Watson, and 56 others.

Middletown Monthly Meeting

Page 119 - No. 345 - Joseph Wilson G son of Thomas F and Rachel Wilson, of Middletown, Bucks Co., married 12-15-1825, at Middletown, Margaret Stackhouse (second wife) daughter of John and Sarah Stackhouse, of said Township.

Witnesses: Wm. Blakley, Jesse Wilson, James Wilson, David Bacon, and 46 others.

Middletown Monthly Meeting

Page 242 - Margaret [Stackhouse G] Wilson, second wife of Joseph Wilson, died 11-3-1859, at 75 yrs., 3 mos., 23 d.

Vol. 2

Middletown Monthly Meeting

Page 241

Children of { Joseph Wilson G
Mary Blakley

	<u>H</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Born</u>	<u>Died.</u>
<u>1</u>		William	2-11-1793	8-3-1794
<u>2</u>		Thomas	11-13-1796	2-28-1799
<u>3</u>		Sarah	7-9-1799	
<u>4</u>		Rachel	2-9-1801	9-7-1823

Note: Mary (his first wife) died 3-21-1821 - age 56 yrs., 7 mos., 20 d.

Record of the Friends' Monthly Meetings in Bucks Co., Pa.
1680-1870. Continued

Vol. 2 Middletown Monthly Meeting

Page 62. No. 145. Elizabeth Wilson G daughter of Thomas F and Rachel Wilson, of Southampton Township, Bucks Co., married Isaiah Jones, of Buckingham Township, Bucks Co., son of Jesse and Mary Jones, at Buckingham, 11-15-1809.

Witnesses: Ezra Jones, Jos. J. Gillingham, James Ely, Abraham Swain, and 74 others.

Middletown Monthly Meeting

Page 43. No. 80. Sarah Wilson H daughter of Joseph G and Mary Wilson, of said Township, at Middletown, on 12-24-1825, married Jeremiah W. Croasdale, of Middletown Township, Bucks Co., son of Robert and Hannah Croasdale.

Witnesses: Isaiah Jones, Jonathan Woolston, jr., Christopher H. Leedom, John Wilson and 51 others.

G

John Wilson

son of { Thomas Wilson
Rachel Strickland

b. Feb. 14 - 1768 at Southampton, Bucks Co., Penna.
 d. Oct. 15 - 1835 at "Elm Grove", Buckingham Township,
 Bucks Co., Penna.

He married twice and had two children by each wife.

	Children H	Grandchildren I	
<p><u>First wife</u> Margaret Mitchell daughter of Richard Mitchell and Sarah Stevenson. Margaret died in 1821.</p>	<p>1 Richard Wilson p. 25 b. 1797 in "Elm Grove" d. 1852 in Philadelphia m. Aglae Clemencau at Stgo. de Cuba</p>	<p>1 Emma D. Wilson p. 33 2 Augustus Wilson p. 37 3 Charles H. Wilson p. 41 4 Emile F. Wilson p. 43</p>	
	<p>2 Sarah M. Wilson p. 24 b. 1800 in "Elm Grove" d. 1849 at "Citra" m. 1823 Elias Ely of New Hope Pa. b. 1795 in Philadelphia d. 1836 at "Maple Grove"</p>	<p>1 Ruth Anna Ely p. 45 2 Margaret Ely p. 47 3 Richard Ely p. 49</p>	
	<p>3 Elias E. Wilson p. 29 b. 1825 in "Elm Grove" d. 1843 in Arabia probably murdered</p>	<p>single</p>	
	<p><u>Second wife</u> m. 1824 Mary Gillingham Fell widow of William Fell by whom she had had two children. Mary: b. Feb. 14 - 1793 d. July 5 - 1867 She was daughter of Joseph and Thoebe Gillingham</p>	<p>4 Henry H. Wilson p. 31 b. March 14 - 1826 at "Elm Grove" d. Jan. 26 - 1894 at Philadelphia m. Sept. 4 - 1849, Mary Lewis b. d. 1904</p>	<p>1 John L. Wilson p. 51 2 H. Augustus Wilson p. 53 3 Margaret Wilson p. 55</p>

The children will be taken up later: see Pages 25, 27, 29, and 31.

John Wilson G. (continued)

son of { Thomas Wilson
Rachel Strickland

A.B. 1792
M.A. 1795 { from Dickinson College, Carlisle, Penna.
M.D. 1796 from the University of Pennsylvania

His preceptor was Dr. Caspar Wistar.

He practiced medicine in Bucks Co., Penna., but also had a licence dated March 17, 1796, to practice in New-Jersey.

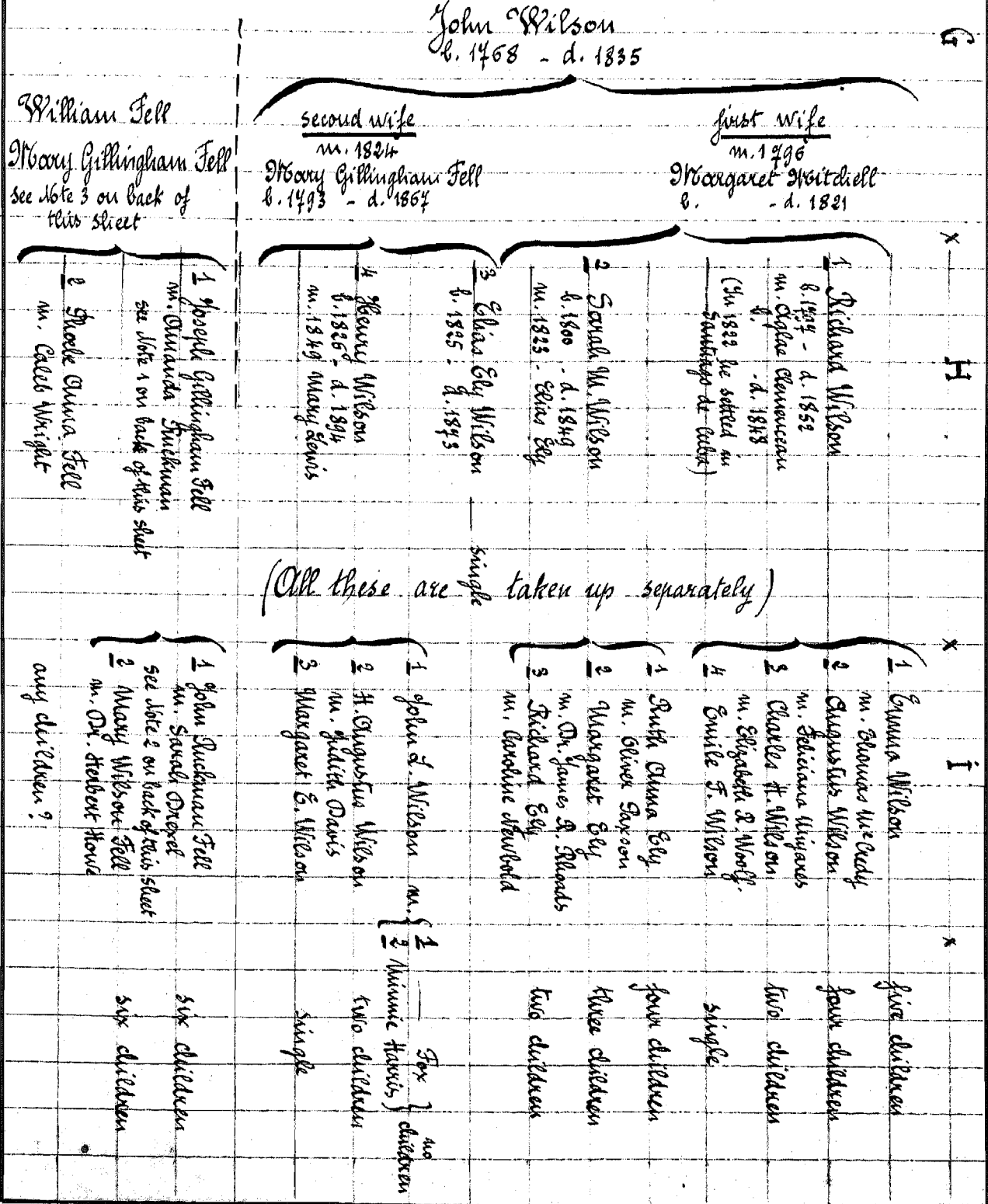
The three diplomas and his New Jersey licence were in the possession of H. Augustus Wilson in 1898, who showed them to me: he had also some of his books and papers.

A biographical sketch of Dr. John Wilson, was published in the "History of Bucks County, Penna.," by W.W.H. Davis, published at Doylestown, Pa., in 1846.

I have copied it on Page 23.

John Wilson G (continued)
 son of { Thomas Wilson
 Rachel Strickland

After the death of his first wife (Margaret Mitchell), John Wilson married Mary Gillingham Fell, widow of William Fell, by whom she had had two children. So two persons had three sets of children. In order to make clear the relationship of the children, I have made the following table:



Note 1 . Amanda Ruckman was the sister of Thomas Hart-Ruckman, who was the father of Francis Ruckman who married R. W. M^c Cready.

Note 2 . Sarah Drexel, after the death of John R. Fell, married Alexander van Rauselex.

Note 3 . Mary Gillingham was the daughter of Joseph and Thoebe Gillingham. She was born Feb. 17 - 1793, and died July 5 - 1867. Her first husband was William Fell. After his death, she married John Wilson.

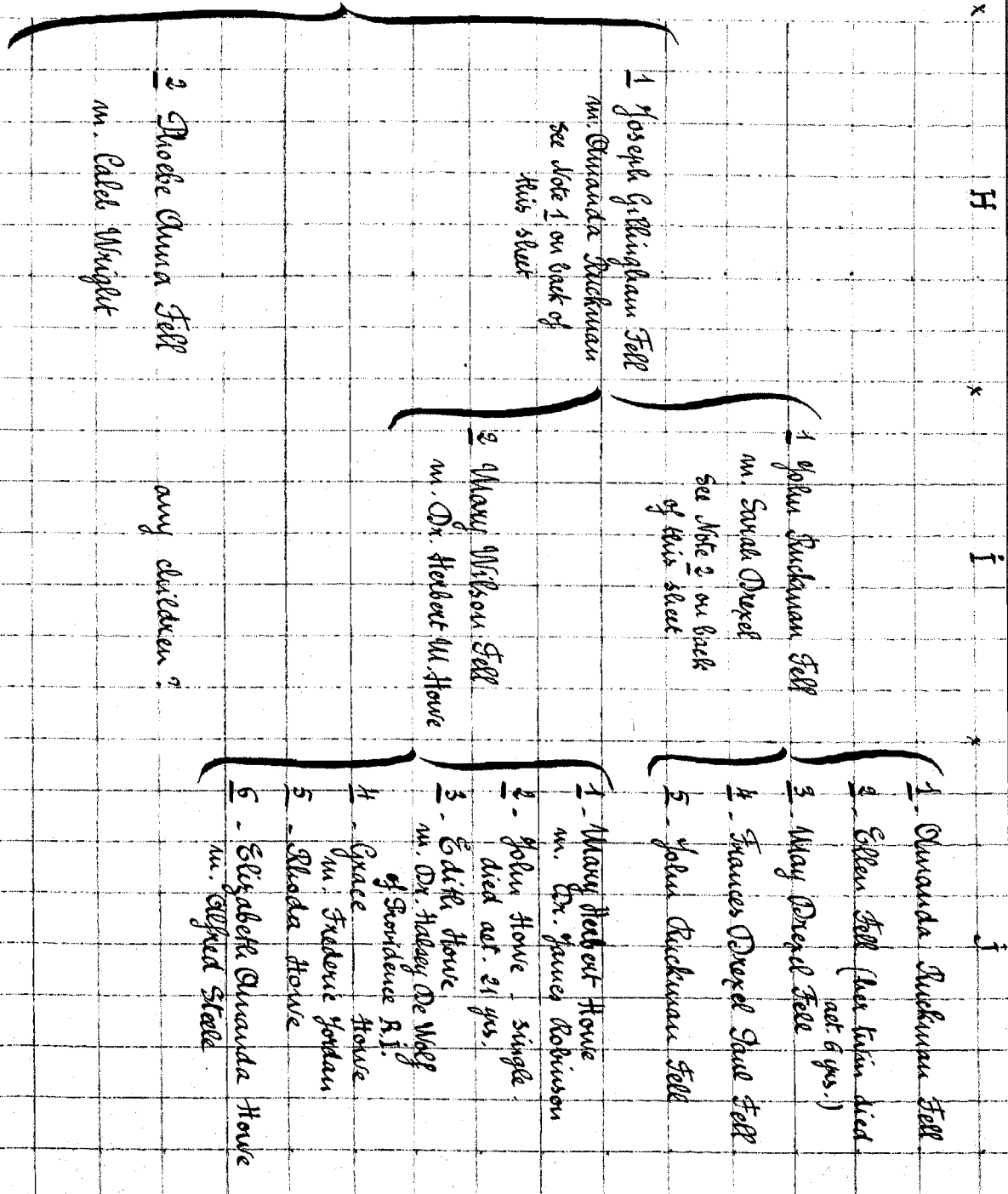
John Wilson G (continued)

son of { Thomas Wilson
Rachel Strickland

After the death of William Fell, his widow, who had had two children by him, married Dr. John Wilson, himself a widower with two children. By their second marriage they had two more children, making three sets of children for two persons.

The following are not blood relations, but there is a connection.

{ Mary Gillingham Fell (daughter of Joseph and Phoebe Gillingham) G
William Fell (her first husband) - See Note 3 on back of this sheet.



Note 1. Amanda Ruckman was the sister of Thomas Hart Ruckman, who was the father of Frances Ruckman who married R. W. M^c. Cedy.

Note 2. Sarah Drexel, after the death of John R. Fell, married Alexander van Ranseler.

Note 3. Mary Gillingham was the daughter of Joseph and Phoebe Gillingham. She was born Feb. 17 - 1793, and died July 5 - 1867. Her first husband was William Fell. After his death she married Dr. John Wilson.

John Wilson G (continued)

The History of Bucks County, Pennsylvania,
by W. W. H. Davis, A. M. - Doylestown, Pa. - 1876
Democrat Book and Job Office Print.

Chapter XXXI - Buckingham - Page 283 - Dr. John Wilson

" Dr. John Wilson, one of Buckingham's most distinguished citizens, half a century ago, was the son of Thomas and Rachel Wilson, of Southampton, where he was born in 1768.

After leaving the ordinary country school, he went to Philadelphia, then taught, and afterward attended a classical school kept by Jesse Moore, subsequently a judge in Pennsylvania, and where Judge John Ross and Dr. Charles Meredith were pupils. He was a close student, studying eighteen hours out of twenty-four.

He next taught the classics in a school where the late Samuel D. Ingham was a pupil, where a friendship was contracted that lasted through life. He graduated at Dickinson College in 1792.

He commenced reading medicine with Dr. Jonathan Ingham, and after his death by Yellow Fever in 1793, he entered himself a student with Dr. Caspar Wistar of Philadelphia, and attended lectures at the University of Pennsylvania, where he gradua-

-ted in 1796, being one of the first medical graduates from Bucks County. He worked his own way through College, and his medical studies, by teaching and surveying, his father being averse to his studying medicine, refused to assist him.

After graduating he married Margaret Mitchell, daughter of Richard Mitchell, of Middletown, and settled at the place known as "Walton's Mill", just below Ingham's paper mill.

Within a year he purchased from the late Samuel Johnson the place known as "Elm Grove", in Buckingham, now owned and occupied by George G. Maris, where he resided until his death in October 1835. His first wife

died in 1821. In 1826, he married Mary Fell, widow of William Fell, and daughter of Joseph and Rhoebe Cyllingham. By these two marriages, he left four children: Richard and Sarah were children of his first wife - Richard studied medicine and settled in S^t. Yago de Cuba, where he acquired a large estate, and died in Philadelphia during a visit in 1852.

Sarah married Elias Ely, of New Hope, and died of cholera in 1850. By his second wife, Dr. Wilson had two sons, Elias and Henry. The first is supposed to have been murdered on the 24th of December 1873, at the head of the Red Sea, while making a visit to the "Fountain of Moses" in Arabia - Henry is living.

Dr. Wilson possessed a rare combination of desirable qualities - In stature, he was tall and straight, light but vigorous, and with an excellent physique. In all out door exercises of which he was very fond, he had few superiors.

He was a fine horseman, as rider, driver, and judge of the animal, and in his youth he was celebrated as a skater and swimmer. He had great quickness of perception, and an intrepid spirit, and was equal to any emergency in his profession, or out of it. He was a fine surgeon, and performed capital operations with great success. But few men equalled him in the best combination of learning, practical skill and common sense.

The late Lewis S. Coryell, a shrewd observer of human nature, and an extensive acquaintance with prominent men of his day, once remarked of him:

"Dr. Wilson knew more from a potato hill up, than any other man I ever knew."

He was handsome and courteous, his wives elegant and graceful women; and for many years his home at "Elm Grove" was the seat of refined and generous hospitality - "

Richard Wilson H

son of { John Wilson
Margaret Mitchell.

b. Sept. 16 - 1797 - at "Elin Grove" Buckingham township, Bucks Co., Pa..

d. July 29 - 1852 - at Philadelphia, Penna..

married Aglae Clemenceau, daughter of Francois Xavier Clemenceau, in Santiago de Cuba - Both of their parents were French. She died March 25 - 1848 - Had been born in 1808 in the island of Martinique.

They had four children, all born in Santiago de Cuba:

- 1 Emma Dolores Wilson, married Thomas M^c. Cuddy, of Philadelphia.
- 2 Augustus Wilson, married Feliciano Mijares y Valiente, of Stgo. de Cuba.
- 3 Charles Henry Wilson, married Elizabeth R. Wolf, of Philadelphia.
- 4 Emile Francis Wilson, single, lived and died in Philadelphia - insane since childhood.

Richard Wilson entered the Medical Department of the University of Penna. in 1818 and left at graduation, M.D. 1821. (I have his diploma).

In 1819 he was a junior member of the Philadelphia Medical Society.

In 1822 he was Resident Physician at the Philadelphia Hospital.

In 1822 he was commissioned Surgeon of the 96th Regiment of Pennsylvania Militia. (I have his commission).

He settled in Santiago de Cuba and presented his diploma and other papers to the Ayuntamiento, and in the session of Sept 2 - 1822, he was licenced to practice medicine.

See the Extracts of the Minutes of the Sessions of the Ayuntamiento of Santiago de Cuba (copied by R.W.) - See also "Cronicas de Santiago de Cuba" by E. Bacardi, Vol. 1 - p. 165.

He bought sugar and coffee plantations and also engaged in commerce, taking as his general partner Emile F. Nollet.

In April 1843, in partnership with Revé, he set up the first steam engine in a sugar plantation in the eastern part of Cuba. This was called "San Juan de Wilson" in the direction

26
of El Cobre. See Bascardi as above vol. 1 - p. 298.

He knew Dr. F. Antomarchi, Napoleon's physician a S^{te} Helena, who after Napoleon's death, and after going to several countries, finally settled in Santiago de Cuba, where he died. He took with him one of the three death masks of Napoleon that he had made. He gave this to Dr. Richard Wilson. His son, Augustus Wilson took this death mask to Philadelphia and in deposited it in the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, which was then at 13th & Locust St.

In 1834, at Santiago de Cuba, a slave tried to poison the whole family, by putting arsenic in the coffee for breakfast. Dr. Wilson promptly gave the antidote and saved all. The negro was put in prison, tried, condemned and executed.

Note - I knew of this from Papa and Aunt Emma. But found a note of it in the "Diario de la Marina" of Habana, Cuba, June 28. 1919, quoting from the same paper of date of June 28. 1834. At one time the "Diario" copied news items from its old files.

Aglae Clemenceau born in 1808 in the island of Martinique, daughter of Monsieur et Madame Francois Xavier Clemenceau, both French, had arrived to Santiago fled when a war with uprising of the negroes slaves. A faithful one advised them while they were at breakfast, gathering in the table cloth all the house silver and valuables, the family rushed to a ship, to avoid massacre, and sailed with many other french families to Santiago de Cuba.

Sarah Wilson H

Daughter of { John Wilson
Margaret Mitchell

b. May 19. 1800 at "Elm Grove" Buckingham, Bucks Co., Pa.

d. July 7. 1849 at "Citra", New Hope, Pa.

m. Oct. 15. 1833, Elias Ely, at Buckingham Meeting, Bucks Co., Pa.

He was born Sept. 2 - 1795, in Philadelphia, and died Feb. 15 - 1836, at "Maple Grove", New Hope.

They had three children:

Children

Grandchildren

(This generation is taken up separately later on.)

{ Sarah M. Wilson
Elias Ely
m. Oct. 15 - 1823
at Buckingham Meeting
Bucks Co., Pa.

1 { Ruth Anna Ely
b. June 10. 1825
d. July 18 - 1869
m. March 13 1861
Oliver Paxson

2 { Margaret Ely
b. April 24 - 1828
d. May 5 - 1901
m. March 23 - 1860
Dr. James Rhoads
b. Jan. 21 - 1828
d. Jan. 2 - 1895

3 { Richard Ely
b. July 5 - 1855
d. Nov. 18 - 1914
m. Sept. 2 - 1858
Caroline Newbold
b. Aug. 4 - 1832
d. May 28 - 1909

1 { Sarah Paxson
b. 1862
d. m. Robert E. Mickle

2 { Margaret Paxson
b. 1863
d. m. Dr. Edward G. Rhoads

3 { O.W. Paxson
b. 1864
d. m. Mary Janney

4 { Caroline Paxson
b. 1867
d. m. John C. Stein

1 { Anna Ely Rhoads
b. 1863
d. m. Wm. C. Ladd

2 { Caroline Rhoads
b. 1864
d. m. single

3 { Charles James Rhoads
b. 1872
d. m. 1912 Lillie Frisvorth

1 { Wm. Newbold Ely
b. Oct. 1 - 1859
d. m. June 19 - 1895
Lillian B. Cairns

2 { Margaret W. Ely
b. 1862
d. 1893
m. single

See Page 28.

28
Records of the Friends' Monthly Meetings in Bucks Co., Pa.
1880 to 1890

Copied from the copy in the Library of the Historical
Society of Pennsylvania, at 3^d & Locust St, Philadelphia.
January 27 - 1898

Vol. I Buckingham Monthly Meeting

Page 88. No. 164. Sarah M. Wilson, daughter of John and
Margaret, of Buckingham Township, said County, on
10 - 15 - 1823, married Elias Ely, son of Hugh and Ruth
of Solebury Township, Bucks Co., at Buckingham.

Witnesses: Jos. Hart, Silas H. Beans, Joseph Watson,
Jonⁿ Parry and 43 others.

Elias Ely Wilson. H

son of { John Wilson
Mary Cillingham Fell

b. March 1. 1825, at "Elm Grove", Buckingham Township, Bucks Co. Pa.
Died, exact date not known, 1843. Supposed to have been assassinated by some Arabs, when crossing the Red Sea, going to see the rock that Moses struck and water came out. He was last seen alive in Cairo, where he left his effects in a hotel.

In 1844 was A. M. from the Univ. of Penna.

In 1846 entered the Medical Department of the Univ. of Penna. graduating as M. D. in 1849.

While at the U. of P., he was a member of the Philomathean Society.

He lived in Paris, France, many years, studying. Was a founder and first President of the American Medical Society of Paris.

Like his father, he was very studious, and though Dr. John Wilson kept writing to him to come back and settle down in Pennsylvania, he desired to go on studying in Paris.

Later, my grandfather, Augustus Wilson, after graduating etc. went to Paris and continued his studies together with his uncle Elias who was only four years older than Augustus, very fond of each other, and in stature both tall and straight with excellent physiques, so much like each other that they could use each others clothes and shoes.

When my grandfather came back to settle in Philadelphia, uncle Elias still remained in Paris for many years.

Augustus thought, perhaps converted to catholicism he did not like coming back to the old quaker family.

Any way, he finally decided to leave Paris and wrote to the family that before returning to America, he was going to take a trip to Egypt - When my grandfather with

all his family went to live to Paris in 1845, it was only two years after his disappearance, and he used to wonder at times if in Egypt Elias had secretly entered some Convent of Monks, not notifying the family, and there disappeared.

The last time he was seen was entering a small boat alone with an Omal the 24th of December 1843. The family did every investigation possible through the Consuls, American Minister and the Police, without success. All his life, Augustus hoped hearing from him, and Henry Wilson, his brother, kept his trunks and boxes of books that had been sent back by the Consul etc. after searching for him in vain. Nothing more was known.

All this is what my mother, Yrene Wilson Nda de Puerta, has told me - Yrene de la Puerta y Wilson -

Henry H. Wilson H

son of { John Wilson
Mary Gillingham Bell

b. 1826 at "Elm Grove", Buckingham, Bucks Co. Pa., March 14

d. 1894 at Philadelphia, January 26

m. 1849 Mary Lewis, (daughter of John Lewis), Sept 4th

They had three children:

	<u>Children</u>	<u>Grandchildren</u>
{ Henry H. Wilson { Mary Lewis { m. 1849	1 { John L. Wilson 1 st wife : Fox, daughter of a judge at 2 ^d wife : Minnie Harris, of Philadelphia ^{Easton, Penna.}	no children
	2 { H. Augustus Wilson { m. Judith Davis	{ 1. Henry O. Wilson 2. Hugh Wilson
	3 Margaret E. Wilson	died single

Emma Dolores Wilson i

daughter of { Richard Wilson
 { Aglae Clemenceau

b. May 16. 1826 at Santiago de Cuba.

d. Feb. 2 - 1911 at Philadelphia.

m. Dec. 9 - 1850, at Philadelphia to Thomas M^c Cedy, who died May 29. 1856. He was the son of Bernard M^c Cedy, who married a Newlin.

They had five children:

1 Emily A. M^c Cedy, single.

b. Nov. 7 - 1851.

d. April 16. 1922.

2 Anna M^c Cedy, single.

b. Dec. 28. 1853.

d. Oct. 12 - 1912.

3 R. Wilson M^c Cedy, no children.

b. Oct. 23 - 1854.

d. April 19. 1924.

m. Jan. 16 - 1909, Frances Ruckman. Married by the Archbishop of Philadelphia, in his private parlor. She was a Protestant.

4 Helen A. M^c Cedy (twin of Emma).

b. Feb. 23 - 1856.

d. Feb. 10 - 1921.

m. April 27. 1880 to John Horace Fassitt, at Philadelphia - married by the Archbishop in her mother's house. He was a Protestant. He died Aug. 5 - 1889. They had three children.

See Page 35.

5 Emma D. M^c Cedy, single (twin of Helen).

b. Feb. 23 - 1856.

d. Feb. 18 - 1912.

See Pages 35 and 54.

Descendants of

I
Emma Dolores Wilson { b. 1826 at Santiago de Cuba
and { d. 1911 at Philadelphia.
(see Note 3)
Thomas W. Credy - m. 1850 at Philadelphia (see N. 1)
He died in 1856 at Philadelphia

They had five children - all born, lived and died in Philadelphia.

- J**
- 1 Emily A. M^{rs} Credy - single
b. 1851 - d. 1922
- 2 Anna M^{rs} Credy - single
b. 1852 - d. 1912
- 3 { R. Wilson M^{rs} Credy
b. 1854 - d. 1924
m. 1909 Frances Ruckman
- 4 { Helen A. M^{rs} Credy
b. 1856 - d. 1921
m. 1880 g. Horace Fassitt
d. 1889
- 5 Emma D. M^{rs} Credy - single
b. 1856 - d. 1912

Note 2: Helen and Emma were twins.

- K**
- 1 { H. Norah Fassitt
b. 1881 - d.
m. 1906 C. Wharton Churchman
b. d.
- 2 { Sylvia M. Fassitt
b. 1882 - d. 1924 at Stone Harbor, N.Y.
m. 1908 Christian A. Hagen
b. 1877 - d. 1922
- 3 { John H. Fassitt
b. Dec. 17 - 1886 - d.
m. 1909 Margaret Blakely
b. d.

Note 1: Thomas W. Credy was the son of Bernard M. Credy who married a Newlin.

Note 3: Emma D. Wilson was the daughter of Richard Wilson and Agnes American.

- L**
- 1 R. Wilson Churchman
b. 1904
- 2 John H. Churchman
b. 1909
- 3 Anna Wharton Churchman
b. 1911
- 4 Charles West Churchman
b. 1913
- 1 Christian A. Hagen
b. 1910
- 2 John H. F. Hagen
b. 1911
- 3 Arthur Hagen
b. 1913
- 4 Peter Hagen
b. 1916
- 1 Margaret Elizabeth Fassitt
b. 1912
- 2 John H. Fassitt
b. 1915
- 3 Matilda Fassitt
b. 1916

Augustus Wilson i (Page 1)

son of { Richard Wilson
 { Aglae Clemenceau

Born May 23 - 1828 at Santiago de Cuba.

Died June 2 - 1901 at Santiago de Cuba.

Married Feb. 14 - 1863, Feliciano Mijares y Valiente, at Santiago de Cuba. She was the daughter of Carlos Mijares y Hierrezuelo and Feliciano Valiente y de las Cuevas.

They had four children, all born in Santiago de Cuba.

- 1 Maria Aglae Wilson, married J. R. Villalon y Sanchez.
- 2 Irene Wilson, married Gonzalo de la Puente y Diaz.
- 3 Richard Wilson, single.
- 4 Emma Carmen Wilson, married A. Gareschi Norris.

Augustus Wilson entered the Medical Department of the Univ. of Penna. in 1848, and left at graduation as M.D. in 1851. His preceptor was Dr. W. E. Horner, one of the professors.

In 1855, was Resident Physician at the Pennsylvania Hospital, 8th & Spruce Sts.

After graduation, he studied in Paris 2 or 3 years, then returned to Philadelphia and practiced medicine.

He had to stop this soon, to go to Santiago de Cuba, to look after the estates left by his father.

All his life, he divided his time between Santiago de Cuba and Philadelphia, staying a few years in each place at a time, looking after the estates in Cuba.

Note: More information about him will be found at the end of this section from Pages 73 to 84.

Augustus Wilson I (Page 2)

son of { Richard Wilson
 { Aglae Clemenceau

b. May 23 - 1828, at Santiago de Cuba.

d. June 2 - 1901, at Santiago de Cuba.

m. Feb. 14 - 1863, at Santiago de Cuba, Feliciano Miyares y Valiente - They had four children, all born in Santiago de Cuba.

Children

Grandchildren

Augustus Wilson
b. 1828 - d. 1901
m. 1863

Feliciano Miyares y Valiente
b. 1843 . d. 1928

see P. 61

- 1 Maria Aglae Wilson y Miyares
b. 1854 Stgo. de Cuba
d. 1939 - 4 Feb. Habana
m. 1900 Jose Ramon Villalon y Sanchez
b. 1865. Stgo. de Cuba
d. 1938 - 27 Sept. Habana

see P. 65

- 2 Yrene Wilson y Miyares
b. 1865 Stgo. de Cuba
d. single
m. 1894 Gonzalo de la Puerta y Diaz
b. 1865, Madrid Spain
d. 1934 - 10.11. Madrid

- 3 Ricardo Wilson y Miyares
b. 1866 - Stgo de Cuba
d. single see Page 67

- 4 Emma C. Wilson y Miyares
b. 1871 Stgo de Cuba.
d. 1922 Habana - see P. 71
m. 1899 A. Garesché Norris
b. 1867 Philadelphia
d. 1907 King City, California

- 1 Gloria M. Villalon y Wilson
b. 1901 - d. single
m. 1929 Fernando Guerrero y Masia
- 2 Jose Ramon Villalon y Wilson
b. 1902 - d. single
m. 1927 Elodia Sorzano y de Cardenas
- 3 Feliciano Villalon y Wilson
b. 1903 - d. single
m. 1925 Jose Manuel Menocal y Barrera
- 4 Augusto Villalon y Wilson
b. 1904 - d. 1925 in New York City
- 5 Carmas Villalon y Wilson
b. 1906 - d. single
m. 1926 Eugenio Casalluda y Barrera

- 1 Yrene de la Puerta y Wilson
b. 1897 in Omsa, Andalusia, Spain
d. single
- 2 Eloy de la Puerta y Wilson
b. 1900 in Omsa
d. 1900 - lived two weeks

- 1 Carmen Elizabeth Norris y Wilson
b. 1901 in Stgo de Cuba
d. single
m. 1931 Hubert A. Jordan

Charles H. Wilson I
 son of { Richard Wilson
 Oglae Clemenceau

b. May 4. 1836. Santiago de Cuba.

d. July. 1865. Cape May, N.Y. Buried July 19. 1865 at Philadelphia
 m. at Philadelphia, Elizabeth R. Wolf

Elizabeth was born 1834 and died March 8. 1912 at Philadelphia.

She married second time on Oct 22. 1890, George H. Richardson, wi-
 -dower of her sister. No children by her second
 marriage.

Children

Grandchildren

Charles H. Wilson
 b. 1836 - d. 1865
 m.

Elizabeth R. Wolf
 b. 1834 - d. 1912

1 Charles A. Wilson

b. Oct. 10. 1858

d. Dec. 13. 1911

m. 1st wife:

Sarah Sauterback

He divorced her and married

2^d wife: Katharine Moore Foster

Aug. 26. 1905

He had no children by her

Charles and Sarah had
 one daughter: *

Katharine Wilson { 1 son:
 b. A. R.
 d. Mayo Jr.

m. Arthur Randolph Mayo
 b.
 d.

2 Felle Wilson

b. Sept. 4. 1852

d. Oct. 16. 1918

m. April 29. 1885

J. Hazeltine Carstairs

He divorced her and married again

Had one daughter:

Lorraine Wilson Carstairs
 b. June 2. 1884. Philadelphia

d.
 m. A. C. Pierce

* In 1911, on account of her husband's health, she went to Santa
 Cruz, California. Her son was already born, but I do not
 know how old he was. I have not heard from her since.

Emile F. Wilson i

son of { Richard Wilson
Aglae Clemenceau

b. Sept 29. 1840. Santiago de Cuba.

d. April 10. 1911. Philadelphia.

When he was about 12 or 14 years old, he was at Bolmar's School, West Chester, Pa., and became insane. Was entirely incapacitated, a dement. Remained so all his life. He died at the Pennsylvania Hospital for the insane, 63rd and Market Sts, Philadelphia.

He knew perfectly all the family by their names.

When the family lived at Philadelphia, some times he used to be brought by his keeper to lunch with them and spend the afternoon.

My mother, Yrene Wilson (Mrs Puerta) remembers him well, and dictates what follows:

When in Cuba, he had been told by his nurse and negroe servants many a story of spirits and witches, etc., that used to frighten him very much. One day, in Bolmar's school, they punished him (as was customary) - locking him up alone in an empty room of the top story of the house. When the night came, his imagination presenting him all these dreadful stories, being of a nervous temperament, his one idea was to escape from all the fantomes that he thought surrounded him.

Tearing the bed-clothes and knotting them together, he let himself out of the window, but not being long enough, he let go and dropped, hurting his head. It was snowing; the school was a short distance from Philadelphia, he walked to his elder sister's house (who was already married to Mr. Thomas M^c. Cuddy), and was found there by the milkman early in the morning, sitting in the marble steps on the snow, waiting for them to open. He was dazed; from that fall, he remained incapacitated; and acted, and talked, always gentle, but like a child of that age, all his long life.

44

Three thousand dollars a year were paid for his care; part of his life he left the Hospital to live at the home of one of the keepers who was very fond of him; and paying the same amount, they cared for him as one of the family, he used to call him "son" in an affectionate way, he was a quiet gentleman, and uncle Emile loved him dearly.

When things went wrong in Cuba and the family suffered great losses with the war, Augustus Wilson decided to take upon himself all the expense as the other two considered it too much expense under the circumstances. When his keeper died, he was returned to the Hospital.

He was sweet and nice, always gentle; he always wanted to be addressed as children often do, but when spoken to answered correctly, though brief.

In "Kirkbride" Hospital, they had every comfort and care; and receptions and entertainments, also large park surrounding the building. In this way, the family did all they could to make his life as pleasant as possible, since he was not in a condition to live with the family.

A crazy person one can never be sure what he may do in a home. They required constant looking after and are a responsibility.

Ruth Anna Ely i

Daughter of { Sarah W. Wilson
Elias Ely

b. June 10 - 1825

d. July 18 - 1869

m. March 13 - 1861 Oliver Paxson

They had four children:

Children

Grandchildren

Ruth Anna Ely
b. 1825 - d. 1869
m. 1861
Oliver Paxson

1 Sarah Paxson
b. 1862
d.
m.

2 Margaret Paxson
b. 1863
d.
m. Edwards G. Rhoads,
m. D.

3 Oliver W. Paxson
b. 1864
d. no children
m. Mary Janney

4 Caroline Paxson
b. 1864
d. no children
m. John C. Stein

Margaret Ely i
Sarah W. Wilson
Daughter of { Elias Ely

b. April 24 - 1829

d. May 5 - 1901

m. March 21 - 1860, Dr. James R. Rhoads : he was the President of Bryn-Mawr College for girls.

They had three children :

Children

Grandchildren

Margaret Ely
b. 1829 - d. 1901
m. 1860
Dr. James R. Rhoads

- 1 Anna Ely Rhoads
b. 1863
d.
m. Wm. C. Ladd
- 2 Caroline Rhoads
b. 1864
d. single
- 3 Charles James Rhoads
b. 1842
d.
m. 1912 - Lillie Frisbunth

Richard Ely i

son of { Sarah W. Wilson
Elias Ely

b. July 5 - 1833 - at "Citra", his father's property.
 d. Nov. 18th - 1914 - at "Citra", their residence, New Hope.
 m. Sept. 21 - 1855 - Caroline Newbold.

They had two children:

Children

Grandchildren

Richard Ely
b. 1833 - d. 1914
m. 1855
Caroline Newbold
b. Aug. 4 - 1832
d. May 2 - 1909

1 Wm. Newbold Ely
b. Oct. 1 - 1859
d. _____
m. _____ at Whitmarsh, Pa.,
Lillie B. Cairns
b. _____ d. _____

2 Margaret W. Ely
b. Sept 9 - 1861
d. _____ 1932
single

1 Wm. Newbold Ely, Jr.
b. June 3 - 1896
d. _____
m. June 2 - 1923, at
Whitmarsh, Penna.
Elizabeth Anne Taylor
b. _____ d. _____

2 Dorothy Ely
b. March 9 - 1900
d. _____
m. June 21 - 1922
Herbert Watson Warden, Jr.
b. _____ d. _____

The children of William Newbold Ely, Jr., and Elizabeth Anne Taylor, are:

- 1 Roland Taylor Ely
b. Sept. 27 - 1924
- 2 Wm. Newbold Ely, III
b. Jan. 26 - 1927
- 3 Donald Ely
b. Jan. 18 - 1929

OVER

The children of Dorothy Ely and Herbert Watson Warden, Jr., are:

- 1 Herbert W. Warden III
b. Oct 16 - 1924
- 2 Dorothy Ely Warden
b. May 9 - 1926
- 3 Louis Ketterlinus Warden
b. June 10 - 1928

John S. Wilson i
 son of { Henry H. Wilson
 Mary Lewis

b.

d.

m.

1st Wife: Fox

2^d Wife: Minnie Harris

He had no children.

H. Augustus Wilson i

son of { Henry H. Wilson
Mary Lewis

b.
d.
m.

Judith Davis

Had two children:

Children:

Grandchildren:

H Augustus Wilson
Mary Lewis

- 1 Henry D. Wilson
b.
d.
m.
- 2 Hugh Wilson
b.
d.
m.

Augustus was professor of Orthopedic Surgery at the Jefferson Medical College, of Philadelphia, for many years.

Margaret E. Wilson i

Daughter of { Henry B. Wilson
Mary Lewis

b.
d.
single

J

Helen A. W^c: Cuddy

Daughter of { Thomas W^c: Cuddy
Emma D. Wilson

b. Feb. 23 - 1856, in Philadelphia.

d. Feb. 10 - 1921

m. April 29 - 1880, J. Horace Fassitt : he died Aug. 5 - 1889.

They had three children :

Children

Grandchildren

1 H. Norah Fassitt
b. March. 16 - 1881
d.
m. Nov. 6 - 1906
C. Wharton Churchman
b. d.

1 Richard Wilson Churchman
b. Sept. 28 - 1907
d.
2 m. John Horace Churchman
b. Dec. 9 - 1909
d.
3 m. Anna Wharton Churchman
b. Sept. 2 - 1911
d.
4 m. Charles West Churchman
b. Aug. 29 - 1913
d.
m.

{ J. Horace Fassitt
Helen A. W^c: Cuddy

2 Sylvia M. Fassitt
b. May 18 - 1882
d. Aug. 26 - 1927
at Stone Harbor - N.J.
m. July 16 - 1908
Christian A. Hagen
b. 1847 d. Jan. 13 - 1922

1 Christian A. Hagen jr.
b. May 13 - 1910
d.
2 m. John Horace Fassitt Hagen
b. Nov. 23 - 1911
d.
3 m. Arthur Hagen
b. Jan. 7 - 1913
d.
4 m. Peter Hagen
b. June 5 - 1916
d.
m.

3 John H. Fassitt
b. Dec. 17 - 1886
d.
m. June 17 - 1909
Margaret Blakeley
at Germantown, Phila.
b. d.

1 Margaret Elizabeth Fassitt
b. April 21 - 1912
d.
2 m. John H. Fassitt jr.
b. Oct. 3 - 1916
d.
3 m. Matilda Fassitt
b. April 12 - 1916
d.
m.

Maria Aglae Wilson y Wijares j

Daughter of { Augustus Wilson
Feliciana Wijares y Valiente

b. Jan. 23 - 1864, Santiago de Cuba.
d. Feb. 4 - 1939, in Habana (Cuba).
m. April 23 - 1900, Jose Ramon Villalon y Sanchez, at Stgo. de Cuba
He was born March 25 - 1865 at Stgo. de Cuba - died 27 - IX - 1938 in Habana
They had five children :

Children

Grandchildren

{ Jose Ramon
Villalon y Sanchez
Maria Aglae
Wilson y Wijares.

- 1 Gloria M. Villalon y Wilson
b. 1901
d. m. 1929 - Fernando Guerrero y Medina
- 2 Jose Ramon Villalon y Wilson
b. 1902
d. m. 1927 Elodia Sorzano y de Cardenas
b. 1905
- 3 Feliciano Villalon y Wilson
b. 1903
d. m. 1925 Jose Manuel Menocal y Barrera
b. 1903 - d.
- 4 Augusto Villalon y Wilson
b. 1904
d. 1925 - 14 Agosto ~~mar 1925~~
single
- 5 Carmen Villalon y Wilson
b. 1905
d. m. 1926 Eugenio Cosculluela y Barrera
b. 1893 - d.

- 1 Maria Luisa de la Cuidad Guerrero y Villalon
b. Jun. 17 - 1930
- 2 Fernando Gonzalo G. y V.
b. Mar. 16 - 1932
- 3 Maria del Consuelo Elodia Guerrero y Villalon
b. Oct. 22 - 1938
- 4 ~~Wladimir Guerrero Villalon~~
- 1 Elodia Villalon y Sorzano
b. Sept. 22 - 1928
- 2 J. R. Villalon y Sorzano
b. Dec. 2 - 1929
- 3 Augusto Villalon y Sorzano
b. Jan. 19 - 1931
- 4 Leonardo Villalon y Sorzano
b.
- 5 Andres Villalon y Sorzano
b. May 1934
- 6 ~~Yvonne Villalon~~ 1944
- 1 Josefina Menocal y Villalon
b. 1926
- 2 Jose Manuel " " " " b. 1927
- 3 Enrique " " " " b. 1927 } twins
- 4 Alberto " " " " b. 1928
- 5 Feliciano " " " " b. 1930
- 6 Jorge " " " " b. 1932
- 1 Maria de los Angeles Cosculluela y Villalon
b. 1927 - ela y Villalon
- 2 Gerardo Cosculluela y Villalon
b. 1928
- 3 Eugenio Cosculluela y Villalon
b. 1929
- 4 Carmen Maria yrens C. y V.
b. Dec 30 - 1930
- 5 Raul Cosculluela y Villalon
b. 1936 - Jul. or Agosto.
- 6 ~~Abiana Cosculluela Villalon~~ 1938
Nov 2 1943
- 7 Pedro Cosculluela y Villalon
Jul 12 1947

Jose Ramon Villalon y Sanchez was a graduate of Lehigh University, Civil Engineer, year . Was Professor at the University of Habana. Took part in the Revolution of 1895-98. Was Secretary of Public Works under General Leonard Wood, during the first Intervention, and for two terms under President Mario Menocal. After that was elected Senator for Pinar del Rio Province.

Dr. honoris causa of Lehigh University, 1923.

Dr. honoris causa de la Universidad de San Marcos de Lima, 1925.

Died ~~Sept.~~ Sept. 24th, 1938 in Habana, in consequence of an operation of apendicitis.

Diario de la Marina: Sept. 28. 1938:

El Señor Jose R. Villalon. "Una sensible baja constituye para la
 " sociedad habanera el fallecimiento del distinguido hombre público
 " señor Jose' R. Villalon, ex-Secretario de Obras Publicas, y ex-
 " Senador de la Republica, que ostentó el grado de Coronel
 " en nuestra guerra de independencia.
 " El coronel Villalon gravemente enfermo fué trasladado el
 " sábado último para una de nuestras principales clinicas
 " donde se le sometió a una intervencion quirurgica que
 " no tuvo los favorables resultados que se esperaban.
 " Oyer, a las ocho y media de la mañana, agotados todos los
 " recursos de la ciencia, exhaló el último suspiro rodeado de su
 " esposa, la señora Maria Wilson y de sus hijos todos.
 " El doctor Villalon supo distinguirse en nuestra vida pública
 " ocupando con prestigio distintos cargos de importancia.
 " Hoy, a las diez de la mañana, será el sepelio.
 " El cortejo fúnebre saldrá de la calle 5a esquina a D.
 " en el Vedado hasta el Cementerio de Colón donde recibirán
 " cristiana sepultura sus restos mortales.
 " Nuestro pésame a su viuda y a sus hijos Jose' Ramon, casa-
 " do con la señora Elodia Sorzano, Glòria, casada con
 " el señor Fernando Guerrero, Feliciano, esposa del doctor

" Juan Menocal; y Carmen, esposa del ingeniero Cosculluela.
 " Queremos encargo de la familia Villalón decir a sus a-
 " -mistades que hasta el lunes próximo no recibirán visitas
 " de pésame.
 " Sepase así - "

Diario de la Marina - Sept. 28 - 1938 :

E. P. D. El señor José Ramón Villalón y Sánchez ha fallecido después de recibir los santos Sacramentos y la bendición Papal. Y dispuesto su entierro para a hoy, Miércoles 28, a las diez de la mañana, su viuda, hijos, hijos políticos, cuñados, sobrinos, y demás familiares que suscriben, ruegan a las personas de su amistad se sirvan asistir a la hora indicada a la casa calle 5a. No. 304 entre C y D, (Vedado), para acompañar su cadáver hasta el Cementerio de Colón, por cuyo favor les quedarán eternamente agradecidos.

La Habana, Septiembre 29 de 1938.

María Wilson, Vda. de Villalón; Glória, José Ramón Feliciano y Carmen Villalón y Wilson; Fernando Guerrero; Elodia Sorzano; Dr. J. M. Menocal y Barreras; Eugenio Cosculluela; Dr. Richard Wilson; Irene Wilson, Vda. de la Puerta e hija (ausentes); Elizabeth Norris Jordan, (ausente); Esteban de Quesada e hijos, (ausentes); Manuela B. Vda. de Villalón, (ausente); Dr. José G. Centurión; Dr. Nunez Fortuondo.

Diario de la Marina; Febrero 5 - 1939 :

E. P. D. La señora María Wilson Vda. de Villalón ha fallecido. Dispuesto su entierro para las cuatro de la tarde de hoy, sus hijos, hijos políticos, hermanos y demás familiares, que suscriben, ruegan a las personas de su amistad se sirvan asistir a la referida hora a la casa calle 5a., número 302, esquina a D. Vedado, para acompañar el cadáver al Cementerio de Colón, favor que agradecerán.

Habana, Febrero 5 de 1939 - (a vuelta)

Glória, José Ramón, Feliciano y Carmen Villalón y Wilson;
 Fernando Guerrero; Glodia Sorzano; Dr. J. M. Menocal y
 Barrera; Eugenio Cosculluela; Dr. Richard Wilson; Irene
 Wilson Viuda de la Puerta e hija, (ausentes); Elizabeth Norris
 Jordan; Esteban de Quesada e hijos, (ausentes); Mameña B.
 Viuda de Villalón, (ausente); Dr. José G. Centurión.



Primer aniversario

El Excmo. e Ilmo. Señor

Don Gonzalo de la Puerta y Diaz

Vicealmirante de la Armada, vocal del Consejo, director de las Asambleas de las órdenes militares de San Fernando y San Hermenegildo, caballero de primera clase de la Orden Militar de San Fernando, gran cruz de San Hermenegildo, medalla de oro de la Peregrinación del Santo Sepulcro, condecorado con las cruces de Maria Cristina militar y naval, de cruces del Merito militar y naval de las campañas de Cuba y Melilla, sufrimientos por la Patria, etc., etc., y otras de Inglaterra y Japon.

Que fallecio cristianamente
el dia 10 de Noviembre de 1934

R. J. P.

Su esposa, hija, hermana, hermanos políticos y demás familia,
ruegan a sus amistades encomienden
su alma a Dios.

Las misas que se celebren ese dia, en Santo Domingo el Real, de Madrid y Toledo; las tres ultimas de las iglesias del Rosario y Basílica de Otocha en Madrid; todas las que se digan en los Padres Carmelitas y Convento de Dominicanas de Osuna y Madres Carmelitas de Piedralita, serán aplicadas por su alma.

Yrene Wilson y Miñares }
 Augustus Wilson }
 Daughter of { Feliciano Miñares y Valiente

b. Feb. 25. 1865 - Santiago de Cuba.

d.

m. Aug. 21. 1894, Stgo. de Cuba, Gonzalo de la Puerta y Diaz, of Osuna (Andalucia, Spain) - b. in Madrid 26 Nov. 1866

They had two children:

{ Gonzalo de la Puerta y Diaz Yrene Wilson y Miñares	}	1 Yrene de la Puerta y Wilson b. 1897 - 9 th May - at Osuna, Spain d. single
		2 Eloy de la Puerta y Wilson b. 1900, 5 th May - at Osuna d. 1900 an infant, 2 weeks

Gonzalo de la Puerta y Diaz was an officer of the Spanish Royal Navy. He served during the Cuban Revolution of 1895 - 1898. Later, he served in Morocco, Africa, and in China. He had several crosses including the Cruz Laureada de San Fernando. In 1929, he had the rank of Rear Admiral.

(Pasado a 1^a Reserva, murió el 10 Nov. 1934 en Madrid, en activo, siendo Vocal del Supremo de Guerra y Marina) -

. see over .

Yrene Elvira Patrocinio de S. José Gregoria de la S^{ma} Trinidad de la Puerta y Wilson, born May 9th 1897, single. In 1920, joined the third Order of S^t. Dominic, "living in the world, not to be of the world". After her father's death, her mother and herself decided to live in Coimbra (Portugal) for some time on account of the uncertain conditions in Spain, thus escaping the anti-communist war in 1936. During this time, the family books were copied, decorated and continued. This one is to be for Carmen Villalón and her children the Coscolluela,

Yrene Wilson y Miyares, born February 25th of 1865 at Santiago de Cuba, daughter of Augustus Wilson and Feliana Miyares, married August 21st 1894 in Santiago de Cuba to Gonzalo de la Puerta y Diaz, of the Spanish Royal Navy. He was born in Madrid the 26th of Nov. of 1866. His father, Eloy de la Puerta y Carballo, brilliant Artillery Officer in the carlist War; the family from Osuna, Spain (Sevilla). He served during the Cuban War from 1895 to 1898 as Commander of the "Cañonero Centinela" in Manzanillo and Cant. River, etc.. Was rewarded with the highest recompense in Spain: the "Cruz Laureada de San Fernando" also two "Placas de Maria Cristina Militar", also the "Naval Placa de M^a Cristina", "Cruz Militar Roja" and other high recompenses for merits of War; Was sent to Spain to recover from several wounds: two in his left arm, one in the base of the neck, one in the forehead, and minor ones. From 1907 to 1910, he served in the war of Morocco, Africa; there he distinguished himself gaining other considerations. From 1914 to the end of the European War, he served as Spanish Commissioner on board the British Hospital Ships; was rewarded by His Majesty King George Vth.

In 1925, he was named Commander of the New "Crucero Don Blas de Lezo" renowned as escorting the "Plus Ultra" in his first flight, by Ramon Franco across the Atlantic Ocean from Palos (Spain), to ~~Pernambuco~~ ^{Buenos Aires} (Brasil) (1926). Next appointed in same "Crucero" to Asia to defend Spanish interests in Shang-hay against Chinese bolchevics revolts; then Japon where he was honored with the decorations of the "Sacred Treasure" in 1927. Then to the Philippine Islands, being much praised in his diplomatic situations as much as for his Military services. He died being in active Service, as Vocal del "Consejo Supremo de Guerra y de Marina" in Madrid the 10th of November 1934, during the communist revolt of October, leaving the rank of Vice Almirante. They had two children both born in Osuna (Sevilla), Spain.

See towards the end of this book: de la Puerta family papers with coat of Arms and family tree. No descendants.

Richard Wilson y Wijares J

son of { Augustus Wilson
Feliciano Wijares y Valiente

b. August 2, 1866 at Santiago de Cuba

d. July 8th 1951 in Havana - Cuba.
single.

Spent his early life in Santiago de Cuba, but about 1868, the family went to Philadelphia, returning about 1870 to Santiago. From 1875 to 1878, was in school in Paris, France; then the family moved to Philadelphia, Pa. U. S. of A.

From 1878 to 1883, was at the Rev. John W. Fairer's "Classical Institute". In 1883, entered the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania, where he remained three years; then entered the Medical Department, graduating in 1890.

While at the University, was a member of the Philomathian Society, the College Boat Club and the Dr. Hayes Agnew Surgical Society, and was Editor for the Medical Department of the "Pennsylvanian", a student's paper.

Resident Physician at the University Hospital from March to December 1891.

Resident Physician at the Pennsylvania Hospital from February 1892 to October 1893.

From 1894 to 1898, was in private practice in Philadelphia and had various Dispensary appointments.

Was a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society from 1893 to 1901. A member of the American Medical Association from 1902 to 1911. A member of the Association of Military Surgeons of the U. S. from 1905 to

During the Spanish American War served in the U. S. Army, having been appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon July 9, 1898; resigned January 6, 1901.

His services briefly was as follows: ordered to Tampa, Florida, where he was assigned to the 11th U.S. Infantry; went with the Regiment to Puerto Rico, where it formed part of Gen. Schwann's Brigade. Took part in the engagement at Horniguero, on Aug. 10-1898. After being in charge 2 or 3 months of the Military Hospital at Mayaguez, P. R., he was detached from the Regiment and ordered to Ponce, P. R., where he was put in charge of the Officers' Hospital, until it was closed, Nov. 30-1898, because relatively few troops remained.

After that, for a short time, was Attending Surgeon at Department Headquarters, at Ponce.

In Feb. 1899, he was ordered to the Vaccine Station at Coamo Baths, where 125,000 vaccine points were made, to vaccinate the whole island.

On the completion of that work, was ordered to Santiago de Cuba, arriving there during the epidemic of Yellow Fever. On July 26-1899, he was assigned to duty as Attending Surgeon at Department Headquarters, which position he held until he resigned from the Army on January 6-1901.

On April 12-1901, he was appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon to the U.S. Marine Hospital Service (now called the U.S. Public Health Service), at Santiago de Cuba. He remained in this position until the Government was transferred to the Cubans on May 20-1902, when he was transferred with it as Port Physician and Director of the Fourth Maritime District (this included Guantanamo, Daiquiri and Manzanillo). On June 30-1902, he resigned so as not to give up his United States citizenship.

On July 16-1902, he was appointed a second time Acting Assistant Surgeon in the U.S. Public Health Service, and attached to the American Consulate at Santiago de Cuba, where he served until Sept. 30, 1911, when this position and all the other similar ones in Cuba were abolished, except the one

at Habana. There were four or five, at the principal ports.

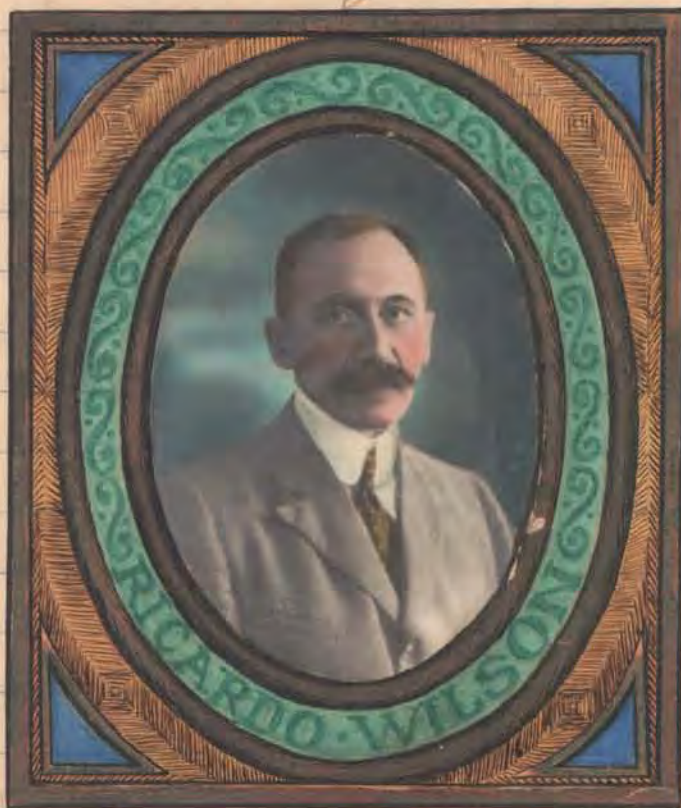
Having served as Physician to the Christian Brothers' School at Santiago de Cuba for several years, when he left Santiago he was named a "Benefactor" of the "Institute" at Lambert-les-Nal, Belgium, where this order has its head house.

On July 28. 1912, for the third time, he was appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon in the U.S. Public Health Service, and this time attached to the U.S. Consulate General at Habana, Cuba. At that time there was an outbreak of Bubonic Plague, and the United States had a very strict quarantine against Habana.

On Aug. 30. 1912, Surgeon R. H. von Ezdorf, who was in charge at Habana, was ordered to Washington, and R. W. was left in temporary charge. But von Ezdorf did not return, and on Jan. 15. 1913, R. W. was left in charge definitely: in 1938 is still on duty.

There were two more outbreaks of Bubonic Plague in Habana, in 1914 and in 1915. Also there was an epidemic of Small Pox in 1920.

In 1940 he is still on duty in Habana. (Cuba.)



Died Habana 8th July 1951 age

Emma Wilson y Wijares. J
 Daughter of { Augustus Wilson.
 Felicitana Wijares y Valiente.

b. Dec. 16 - 1871 at Santiago de Cuba
 d. June 12 - 1922 at Habana.
 m. Dec. 2 - 1899 at Santiago de Cuba, A. Gareschi Norris.
 He was born 1867 at Philadelphia, Pa., and died 1907, at King City, California.

They had one child:

Carmen Elizabeth Norris y Wilson

b. Dec. 6 - 1901 at Santiago de Cuba.

d.

m. January 29th 1931 at New York City, Hurbert A. Jordan
 -dan : son : William Norris Jordan

b. Dec. 1st 1933 at Philadelphia

daughter: Ana Marie Norris Jordan

b. Dec. 1st 1937 at Philadelphia.

January 29 - 1931

Jordan - Norris

" St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York, will be the scene of an
 " important marriage at four o'clock this afternoon when
 " Miss Elizabeth Norris, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs.
 " Alexander Garesche Norris, and niece of Mr. and Mrs.
 " George W. Norris, of Chestnut Hill, will be married to
 " Mr. Hurbert A. Jordan, of New York, formerly of London,
 " England, in the presence of the immediate families
 " and a few close friends of the bride and bridegroom.
 " The Rev. Edward Garesche, a cousin of the bride, of
 " New York, will officiate.
 " Mr. Norris will give his niece in marriage.
 " The bride will wear a smart ensemble of hydrangeas
 " blue crepe de chine, with a small hat to match. Her

" flowers are gardenias.

" Mr. John Mortimer Orval, of Baltimore, will serve as
" best man. A small reception will follow the ceremony at
" the home of the bride, 145 E. 54th st., New York.

" Mr. Jordan and his bride will sail for Havana, today.
" Upon their return from their honeymoon, they will live
" at 145 E. 54th st."

Some Historical Notes.

It seems appropriate to mention here some of the events of our times, the effects they had on our family, and the conditions that caused great financial loss to us, and much worry to two generations, especially to the men that managed the estate, Augustus Wilson and his son Richard Wilson.

First, I will mention a few events in the history of Cuba, then the effect of these on the family estate.

The first revolution of our times was that of Maximo Lopez, who made an unsuccessful landing at Cardenas in 1850. He returned to Cuba in 1851, but was captured and executed with his principal leaders.

The second revolution was from 1868 to 1878, called the Ten Years' War. It affected very much the eastern end of Cuba. Numerous plantations were burned in that part by both sides, but principally by the Cubans. Like everybody else in Cuba, we had relatives and friends on both sides.

During the revolution, the slaves were freed by the Spanish Government, without reimbursement to their owners. By the decree of Oct. 15, 1868, all children of slaves born after Sept. 17, 1868, were declared free. The slaves were to be freed gradually over a course of years, according to their ages. The law of Feb. 12, 1880 finished freeing all slaves.

The third revolution was from 1895 to 1898, and ended with the Spanish-American war. By the Treaty of Paris of Dec. 10, 1898, the Spanish sovereignty in Cuba ended, January 1, 1899.

This was followed by the first American Intervention which lasted until May 20, 1902, when the Government was turned over to the Cubans.

74
But they did not keep quiet. There was another uprising Aug. 19 - 1906, at the beginning of President Tomas Estrada Palma's second term of office. To prevent bloodshed he called the United States and resigned.

This was the cause of the second American Intervention beginning Sept. 29 - 1906, which lasted until January 28 - 1909, when the second Republic began.

On April 30 - 1910, two hundred negroes were arrested for conspiracy.

On July 11 - 1910, another revolution was discovered in Habana.

July 16 to August 1 - 1910, a small uprising headed by Miniet, near Santiago de Cuba. He was captured by Capt. Santiago Castillo with the Rural Guard.

On May 20 - 1912, a race was started which fortunately was soon put down on July 11 - 1912. But it left bad feeling on the part of the negroes, and distrust on the part of the whites, for some years. The leaders, Estenoz and Yonnet, were shot. Some of the serious fighting was near Alto Songo.

On Feb. 9 - 1914, uprising of the Liberals with ex-President Jose Miguel Gomez at their head. This did not last long. He was surrounded and taken prisoner on March 7 - 1914. The United States Government declared it would not recognize any government the result of a revolution.

On April 29 - 1924, there was a small uprising in Santa Clara (principally military) which was declared officially ended on May 15 - 1924.

All these things tended to make the value of lands uncertain in Cuba. All we had was the lands of our former plantations, burnt in the wars.

But the rest of the world was not a peace. The World War began July 28 - 1914, by Austria declaring war

on Serbia. In less than one month, almost of the nations of Europe had joined one side or the other.

On April 6 - 1914, President Wilson declared war against Germany. During his campaign for reelection, the Democratic slogan was: "He kept us out of war". But Wilson changed his mind after his re-election.

On April 7 - 1914, Cuba declared war on Germany.

On Nov. 11 - 1918, Germany signed the armistice, which stopped the hostilities.

On June 29 - 1919, the Treaty of Versailles was signed. But nobody was entirely satisfied with it.

Effects of the Cuban revolutions on the family.

During the revolution of 1868-78, on my Mother's side, all the family both Miyares and Valiente took part. Several had important posts. Enrique Valiente was active in starting four or five expeditions from the United States, of which three landed safely in Cuba.

Her father, Carlos Miyares of Hierrezuelo, was involved with Narciso Lopez in 1850, but escaped. In 1868 he was active again, and escaped capture by a friendly war-ning. He did not dare to return to Cuba until several years after the revolution was over.

Several relatives were imprisoned in Santiago de Cuba, both in the City Jail and in Morro Castle.

Naturally in 1895 all were with the insurgents again.

On Aug. 29, 1870, at night "Sonquito" and "La Meca" were burned by the Insurgents, and the cattle and the slaves were taken off. But the slaves escaped gradually, and in two weeks' time practically all of our slaves had returned.

In that same year 1870 "Guaminicum" had to be abandoned because the insurgents were very active in that neighborhood, which made it difficult to send provisions for the slaves.

All our slaves were sent to Brooks and Co., who sent them to Guantanamo, which the insurgents did not touch because it was strongly protected by troops, with blockhouses, and a military road surrounding the valley.

At the end of the war of 1868-78, the family had nothing left of these plantations but the lands. The slaves had been freed. We did not have money enough to start again.

The money saved was used to buy a one-tenth

78
interest in the "Ysabel", at Guantanamo, in 1894. With the product of this the Mr. Creds and the Wilsons lived until the next revolution.

The revolution of 1895-98, began very actively, especially in the eastern end of Cuba. The first year, the plantations of Guantanamo worked, but had to pay forced loans to the insurgents. The second year, a little work was done. But Brooks and Co., still advanced us some money to account of the "Ysabel". In 1898, they notified Augustus Wilson that they could send no more money. The family was then in Philadelphia.

In July 1898, Richard Wilson joined the U.S. Army, as Acting Assistant Surgeon.

At the end of this war, in 1898, our family plantations were settled by squatters who did not pay, and had to be evicted legally. This was a long, costly and annoying procedure, which took more than two years.

igrations of the Wilson Family

On account of the upset conditions in Cuba about 1868 or 1869, the family went to Philadelphia where they remained about two years, when they returned to Santiago de Cuba.

But Cuba continued upset, and in the summer of 1875, they embarked for Bordeaux, France, remaining there a month or two, and then going to Paris, where they remained three years. Maria, Yrene and Ricardo were put to school, Emma was too young.

In the summer of 1878, the family embarked from Brest to New York, where they remained a month or two, then went to Philadelphia. Here again the children were put to school.

In the autumn of 1883, the family sailed from New York direct to Santiago de Cuba, except Ricardo who was going to the College Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He lived at his Aunt Emma's (Mrs. Thomas M^c. Cready).

About 1888 or 1889, the family returned to Philadelphia and they remained until after his graduation from the Medical Department in 1890. Some time in the autumn of 1890, the family returned to Santiago de Cuba, except Ricardo who was waiting for a hospital appointment.

In 1895 or 1896, the family returned again to Philadelphia, on account of the revolution of 1895-98, which ended with the Spanish American War in 1898. Soon after peace was declared the family returned to Santiago de Cuba, probably in Jan. 1899.

During the war, Ricardo was in Puerto Rico with the U.S. Army, serving as Acting Assistant Surgeon. He was transferred to Santiago de Cuba in July 1899.

In Santiago de Cuba, Emma married in 1899 and Maria in 1900. Yrene who had married in 1894, was in Spain with her husband.

Augustus Wilson died in 1901. Yrene was there at the

time, but Emma did not arrive in time. His widow and his son remained in Santiago de Cuba.

In the next few years, Yrene and Emma went several times to Santiago for visits of longer or shorter duration. Maria went once in 1911, when the whole family was together for Christmas.

In July 1912, Ricardo went to Habana, having been offered a position in the U.S. Public Health Service, attached to the U.S. Consulate General, on account of the first outbreak of Bubonic Plaga.

Seeing that this position was going to last some years, in April 1913, he went to Santiago de Cuba, packed up everything and returned to Habana with his mother, keeping house again, until her death on January 25 - 1928.

History of the Estate of Dolores and Augustus Wilson

As I have said before - (see Page 25) - Richard Wilson was born in 1794 at "Elm Grove", Buckingham Township, Bucks Co., Penna., and died in 1852, in Philadelphia. In 1822, he settled in Santiago de Cuba where, later, he married. He engaged in the practice of medicine, also bought plantations, and engaged in commerce. He had a general partner to help him in this. He made money and also inherited from his father. When he died he left a good fortune for those days, and it was all well invested.

After his death, when his estate was settled, one-third corresponded to his partner Emile F. Noblet. In order to pay him he was given the sugar plantation "San Juan de Wilson", on the road from Santiago de Cuba to El Cobre. Although it passed out of the family, the name remains to this day. In the revolution of 1868 to 1898, it got a sinister reputation because many insurgents were taken there to be shot.

Of the remaining two-thirds of the estate, the principal properties, that remained to the family, were:

- (1) "San Andres de Songuito" (44 cab.), bought in 1839.
- (2) "La Meca" (4 caballerias), bought in 1839.
- (3) "San Antonio de Guaninicum" (30 cab.), bought in 1840.

The first two were two leagues North of Alto Songo, and bounded which each other; about 20 or 22 miles from Santiago de Cuba.

"Guaninicum" was adjoining the village of El Cristo, about half way between Santiago de Cuba and Alto Songo, on the same road.

From the time that "Guaninicum" was bought, in 1840, only about one-sixth was on private land. The

82

other five-sixths was on lands leased from the government. These lands belonged formerly to the extinct Indian Community of Caney, which passed to the State in 1848. But, much before that date, the government leased lots of all sizes to private individuals. (See "Cronicas de Santiago de Cuba" by E. Bacardi, Vol. 1, Page 373).

(#) An unnamed tract of land of 80 caballerias, in the Monte Libano District, near the middle of Cuba, on the road from the city of Guantanamo to Sagua de Baramo, on the North coast. This was bought in 1843.

As I have said before (see Page 25) - the children of Richard were:

- 1 Emma Dolores Wilson
- 2 Augustus Wilson
- 3 Charles Henry Wilson
- 4 Emile F. Wilson

When their father died, the first two were of legal age, while the last two were minors, moreover Emile was already insane.

To facilitate the management and prevent the troubles caused by the estates of minors, the two oldest adjudicated to themselves all the property and put a mortgage on the three plantations, to protect the shares of the two youngest brothers, binding themselves to pay them 5% interest per annum. This was in 1856. In round numbers each of the four heirs got \$60,000.00 dollars.

In 1862, the mortgage of 1856 was cancelled only for Charles H. Wilson, and a new mortgage for \$40,000.00 was put in his favor. The difference was paid to him in cash.

At first everything went well, all the plantations were working. In 1865, Charles H. Wilson died (see Page 41) - in due time, his widow was paid his share. This is the only branch of the family that received its

capital.

In 1856, "Los Dolores" was bought, but it was not affected by the mortgage. It bounded with "Songuito" and "La Meca". It measured 4 caballerias.

In 1864 by a Decree of the Court in Santiago de Cuba, Augustus Wilson was named guardian of Emile F. Wilson, who was insane - (in place of Thomas Brooks who resigned), without exacting a bond, because the mortgage of 1856 was considered sufficient security.

This and the fact that he was the only man available in the family, put on him more responsibility in the care of the plantations, and he had to make numerous trips to Cuba, some of them long.

In 1868, the Ten Year's War began, and with it our troubles. On Aug. 29, 1840, at night, "Songuito" and "La Meca" were burned by the insurgents who took away the slaves and the cattle. But the slaves escaped gradually, and in two weeks practically all of ours had returned to their plantations. In that same year 1840, "Guaninicum" had to be abandoned because the insurgents were very active in that neighborhood which made it difficult to send provisions for the slaves.

In the revolution of 1868-98, the valley of Guantanamo did not suffer, being surrounded by a military road with a series of block houses, which kept the insurgents out of it; so the plantations continued to work. - At that time the principal communication between Santiago de Cuba and Guantanamo was by steamers. On this account, Augustus Wilson rented the slaves to Brooks and Co, to use in their plantations, taking care to specify that the families were not to be separated. The Decree of Oct. 15, 1868 began to free the slaves gradually.

In 1844, a one-tenth share of the "Ysabel" at Guantanamo was bought by Dolores and Augustus Wilson. In 1880,

84
Feb. 13, - Law abolishing slavery.

The revolution of 1895-98, began very actively, especially in the eastern end of Cuba. The first year, the plantations in Guantanamo worked, but had to pay forced loans to the insurgents. The next year a little work was done, but Brooks and Co. advanced us some money to account. In 1898, they notified Augustus Wilson that they could send no more money. The family was in Philadelphia then.

On June 1, 1896, the buildings of "Guaranicum" were burned by the insurgents.

In 1905, the "Isabel" was sold to the Guantanamo Sugar Co. Dolores and Augustus owned one-tenth between them.

The children of Richard Wilson died in the following order:

Charles Wilson died July - 1865

Augustus Wilson died June 2 - 1901

Emma D. M^c. Cuddy died Feb. 2 - 1911

Emile F. Wilson died April 10 - 1911

Emile was the last one that died. As he was insane since the age of 14 years, and entirely incapacitated, he died intestate. On this account his estate was divided per capita between his eleven nephews and nieces. His estate consisted only of the mortgage of 1856, in round numbers \$60,000. But that mortgage with the accrued interest, by much exceeded the original capital. There was nothing left but the lands, and they did not produce. The plantations had been burned in 1890, and the slaves had been freed by the Spanish Government.

This settlement had many difficulties among them the laws of Cuba and of Pennsylvania had to be reconciled.

In Cuba a mortgage on real estate is treated like real property: in Pennsylvania it is personal property. We were in the third generation. The real estate had been inscribed in the Registry of Property of Santiago de Cuba.

in the names of Dolores and Augustus Wilson on Dec. 1. 1903, to whom they belonged and who had put the mortgage of 1856. Now it had to be inscribed in the names of the living heirs, the grandchildren of Richard Wilson, who were also the nephews and nieces of Emile F. Wilson.

In reality, there were two inheritances, first, the lands from Dolores and Augustus Wilson to their children; second, the mortgage of Emile F. Wilson, and here, in addition came the children of Charles H. Wilson, who also inherited from their uncle Emile F. Wilson. The mortgage had the legal preference. There was a lot of trouble, but not much money. The estate was settled in the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia. The lands were sold in Habana on January 30. 1924, before a Notary Public.

The various wars and revolutions above mentioned (see Page 93) sent the price of lands down several times. On the other hand, when we had a land boom in Cuba in 1914 and 1918, the titles were not inscribed in the names of the living heirs. It was not until Dec. 26. 1921 that all the estates were inscribed in the Registry of Property in the names of the living heirs.

Great loss of time was caused at the beginning by the lawyers in Santiago de Cuba doing nothing.

At Habana, I began to attend to his in April 1915, and here also things went very slowly at times.

On January 31. 1924, the sale was signed before the Notary Public of Habana, Dr. Francisco Salma, of the plantations "Sonzuito", "La Meca", "Los Dolores" and "Guaminicum". Mr. Robert C. Liggett and Mr. John F. Gardiner came from Philadelphia. The first was Administrator of the estate of Emile F. Wilson, the second was the Executor of the estate of Emma Dolores Mc Cedy, on account of "Los Dolores", which was not affected by the mortgage.

86

Mr. Liggett took the money to Philadelphia, where the estate was settled in the Orphans' Court, and the money distributed. The Philadelphia part of the settlement of the estate was directed by the legal firm of Henry, Pepper, Bodine and Stokes.

Practically this settled the estate of Dolores and Augustus Wilson, but there remained one piece of land 80 caballerias in the District of Monte Libano, Guantanamo.

On January 19-1929, the Wilsons inscribed their half of this estate in their names, in the Registry of Property of Guantanamo. The Fassitts who owned the other half, refused to inscribe it on account of the great expense and the uncertain value of the lands, until a purchaser was found.

On Nov. 22-1928, E. Roldós, of Guantanamo, came to Habana and said that he knew where these lands were, that part was good and that if we did not take possession we were liable to lose them. The Fassitts would go to no expense until a purchaser was found. This was a most impractical procedure, they would do nothing and they prevented the Wilsons from doing anything. To facilitate matters, Richard Wilson personally bought out the share of the Fassitts, then brought the title to date and inscribed it in his name on July 13-1929.

All the Wilsons gave E. Roldós their power of attorney to manage this, survey it, and sell when possible.

On Dec. 19-1929, E. Roldós as attorney for the Wilsons applied to the Judge of First Instance of Guantanamo for a judicial survey of these 80 caballerias of lands.